

Undocumented features of some Burp Suite extensions

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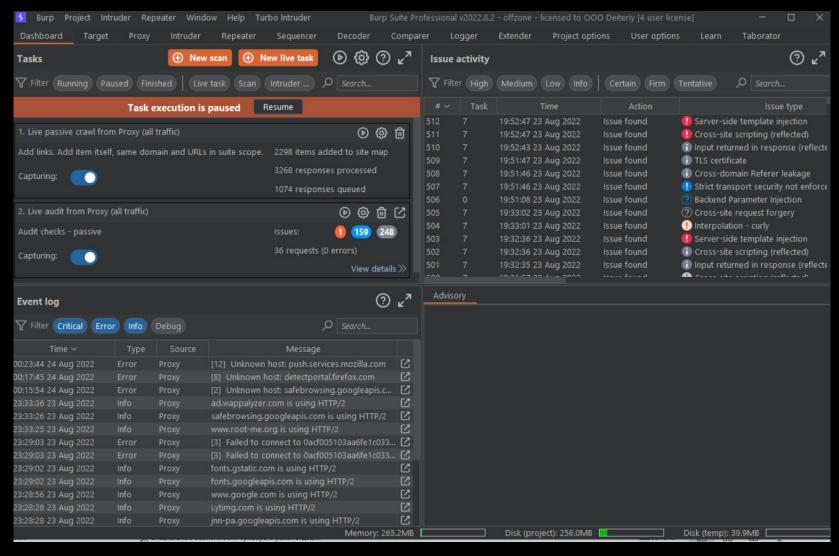
whoami



- Pentester
- Researcher
- The author of article in Habr
- tlg: @ZeroPerCentAngel

Burp Suite





Burp plugins problem

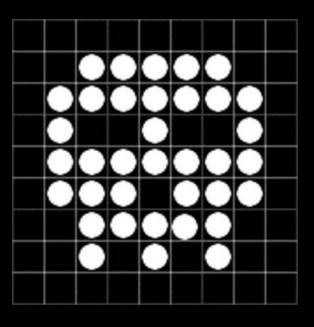


lack of documentation + unfriendly UI + bugs = high barrier to entry

Plugins from James Kettle



- James Kettle is the Director of Research at PortSwigger
- Author of some Top-10 Burp plugins with great features
- ... but some lack of documentation





Hackvertor

conversion everything everywhere

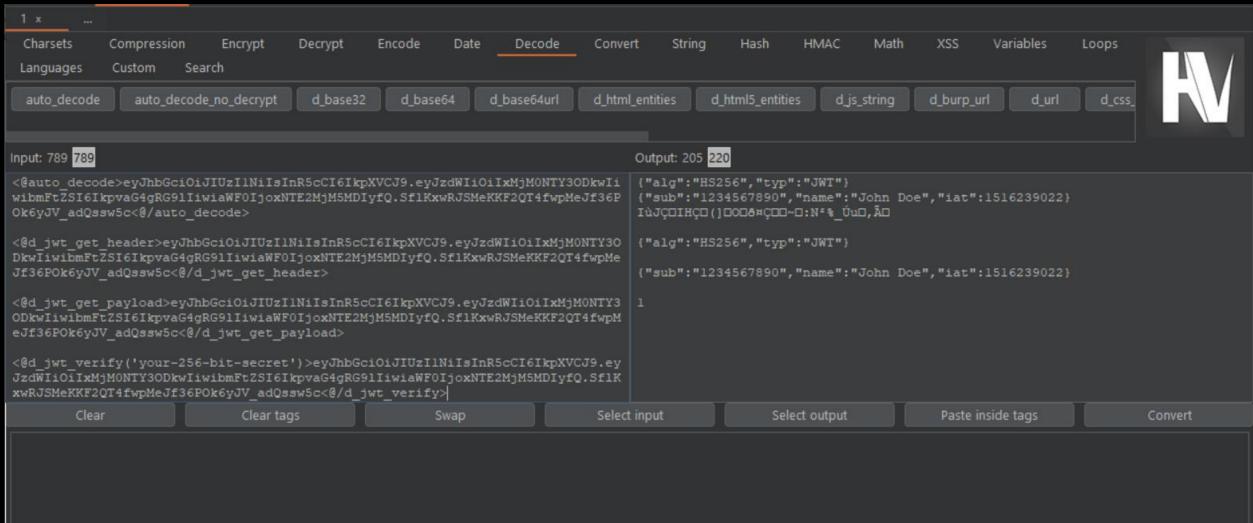
What is Hackvertor?



- Tag based conversion tool
- Available in Community version
- Include complete code interpreters/compilers for 4 languages
- hackvertor.co.uk functions implementation in Burp plugin

Basic usage





Tags for Tags God



Re	quest	
Pr	etty Raw Hex Hackvertor 🙃 \n 🖃	
1	OST /payment/ HTTP/2	
2	lost: pay.gateway.com	
3	cookie: session=KQ2NgoAMa8NZjHzKzztvqwFD9LkRXNDH	
4	Jser-Agent: <@set_usagent('false')>MyApp/1.1.26(171) (Linux; Android 7.1.2; Phone Build/N2G47H)<@/set_usagent>	l
5	Content-Length: 411	
6		
7	cum=31337&card=	
	@aes_encrypt('supersecret12356','AES/CBC/PKCS5PADDING','initVector1	
	3456')>41111111111111111101/23 345<@/aes_encrypt>deviceid=<@set_devi	
	eid('false')>62d186ae-3024-4c53-8ce3-8f6b97eeb721<@/set_deviceid>&	
	orderid=<@set_order('false')>42<@/set_order>&screen=	
	@set_screen('false')>2340x1080<@/set_screen>&sign=	
	@sha256><@get_usagent/><@get_screen/><@get_order/><@get_deviceid/><	t
	timestamp/><@/sha256>	

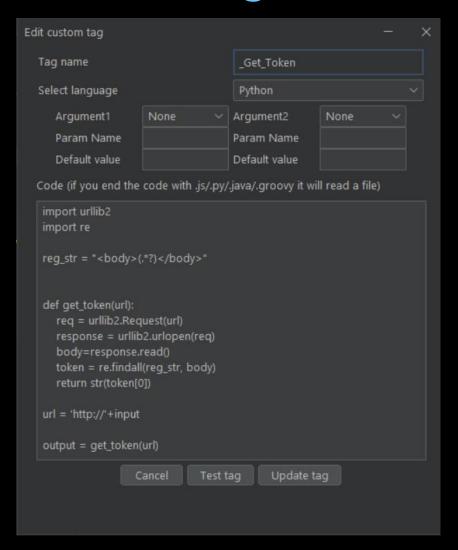
Tags for Tags God



```
POST /payment/ HTTP/2
Host: pay.gateway.com
Cookie: session=KQ2NgoAMa8NZjHzKzztvqwFD9LkRXNDH
User-Agent: MyApp/1.1.26(171) (Linux; Android 7.1.2; Phone Build/N2G47H)
Content-Length: 202

sum=31337&card=
/C72PLuwwdIvQOP1GfXJCAVUUcZwOoAE6c8+ns9OKYA=deviceid=62d186ae-3024-4c53-8ce3-8f6b97eeb721& orderid=42&screen=2340x1080&sign=
98af914f5c8685b70b03ad694230abe79b40ddec96c48d93743c879c256b734a
```

Custom tags





```
POST /auth2/ HTTP/2
Host: pay.qateway.com
Cookie: session=KQ2NqoAMa8NZjHzKzztvqwFD9LkRXNDH
User-Agent: MyApp/1.1.26(171) (Linux; Android 7.1.2; Phone
Build/N2G47H)
Content-Length: 111
token=
<@ Get Token('a5ebbc67cf36025894956859cbcac45d')>ttq4xndyo55s73m4i72
rqvz4nvtmhb.oastify.com<@/ Get Token>
POST /auth2/ HTTP/2
Host: pay.gateway.com
Cookie: session=KQ2NqoAMa8NZjHzKzztvqwFD9LkRXNDH
User-Agent: MyApp/1.1.26(171) (Linux; Android 7.1.2; Phone
Build/N2G47H)
Content-Length: 33
token=3wb833z9fu37tovccgw11gzjjgz
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Burp Collaborator https://burpcollaborator.net/
X-Collaborator-Version: 4
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 53
<html>
  <body>
    3wb833z9fu37tovccgw11gzjjgz
  </body>
</html>
```

Classic debugging method



Details	Out	put	Errors					
Outp	out to sys	tem co	nsole					
Save	to file:				Select	file		
Show	w in UI:							
2 3 4	[OpenJ	DK 64	ult:9987c7 -Bit Serve				:11)	
5 6	Hello,	offz	one!					

Extra Sources



- Detailed video tutorial
- Research



Backslash Powered Scanner

smart fuzzing assistant

About Backslash Powered Scanner



- Support module for Active Scanner
- Developed by James Kettle
- Available in Professional and Enterprise versions only
- "Novel" approach in finding server-side injection vulnerabilities

Primitive automatic finding approaches



Detect technology -> Send specific payloads -> Profit???

OR

Send all known payloads at all endpoints-> End of Project in 3022

Disadvantages

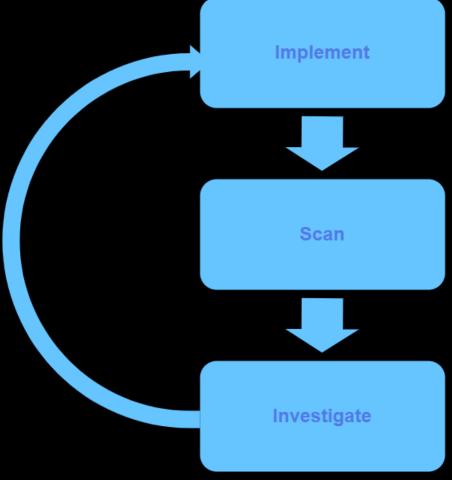


- Technologies are not always detectable
- New vulnerability classes and 0-days
- Million Payload Problem
- WAFs
- Pentester is much smarter (generally)

"Novel" in 2016 approach

- 1. Send expected data
- 2. Send input with random symbols
- 3. Compare results
- 4. Identify anomaly behavior
- 5. Select "interesting" input data
- 6. Modify unexpected input for next iteration
- 7. Repeat until result





Basic usage



Attack Config					×
debug:		include name in title:	☑	try diffing scan:	
diff: value preserving attacks:	☑	thorough mode:	☑	diff: syntax attacks:	
confirmations:	8		☑		
diff: iterable inputs:	☑			diff: magic value attacks:	
encode everything:		diff: HPP:	☑	diff: magic values:	77,aA1537368460!,<%=7*7%>
	☑	thread pool size:	8	use key:	
key method:	☑	key status:		key content-type:	
key server:	✓		☑	filter:	
mimetype-filter:		resp-filter:		filter HTTP:	
timeout:	10	skip vulnerable hosts:		skip flagged hosts:	
flag new domains:		report tentative:		include origin in cachebusters:	
include path in cachebusters:		params: dummy:		dummy param name:	utm_campaign
params: query:	☑			params: scheme-host:	
	☑			Reset Visible Settings	
					OK Cancel

Transformation Scan





Suspicious Input Transformation

Issue: Suspicious Input Transformation

Severity: **High**Confidence: **Tentative**

Host: https://www.secnews.gr

Path: /

Note: This issue was generated by the Burp extension: Backslash Powered Scanner.

Issue detail

The application transforms input in a way that suggests it might be vulnerable to some kind of server-side code injection Affected parameter:s
Interesting transformations:

\0 =>

Boring transformations:

Diff Scan



Advisory Rec	quest 1	Response 1	Request 2	Response 2	Request 3	Response 3	Request 4	Response 4	Request 5
Response 5	Request 6	Response 6	Request 7	Response 7	Request 8	Response 8	Request 9	Response 9	Request 10
Response 10	Request 11	Response 1					Response 13	Request 14	Response 14
Request 15 R	lesponse 15	Request 16	Response 16	Request 17	Response	17 Reque	st 18 Respo	onse 18	
Postg	reSQL inj	ection							
	tgreSQL injed lium	ction							
Confidence: Firm									
Host: http Path: /filte		c035cd77ad6080	933007e006e.	web-security-aca	demy.net				
Note: This issue w	vas generated	l by a Burp extensi							
Issue detail									
The application re	acts to input	s in a way that you	ı may find inter	esting. The probes	are listed belov	in chronolog	ical order, with e	vidence. Respons	e attributes
that only stay con									
Successful probe	:s								
String - apostrop	he z'z	z''z							
status_code									
word_count									
warning									
visible_word_cour									
input_reflections									
line_count									
tag_names									
css_classes									
visible_text									
whole_body_conte									
content_length	2554	*3625*							
header_tags									
PostgreSQL inje	ction ' p	ower(inet_serve	r_pont(),0) '	' power(inet_se	rver_port(),0)				
status_code	500			200					
error									
word_count	118			152					

Successful probes		
String - apostrophe	z'z	z"z
status_code	500	200
error	3	0
word_count	118	152
warning	1	0
visible_word_count	25	34
input_reflections	0	1
line_count	46	66
tag_names	Х	Υ
css_classes	Χ	Υ
visible_text	Χ	*Y*
whole_body_content	Χ	*Y*
content_length	2554	*3625
header_tags	X	*Y*

Fly in the ointment



- Does not use >< symbols
- Ignore Cookie header
- Almost ignores POST-requests
- Cannot find "blind" vulnerabilities
- Transform Scan doesn't work properly



Turbo Intruder





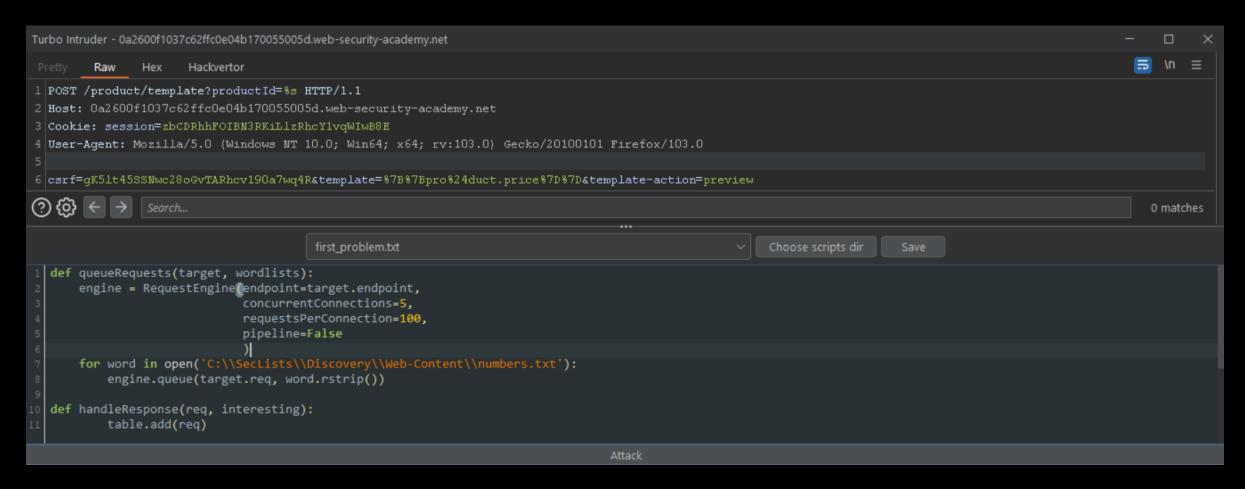
About Turbo Intruder



- Intruder on steroids with Python interpreter
- Developed by James Kettle
- Available in Community version
- Author HTTP-engine implementation with HTTP-pipelining support
- Probably best tool for race condition testing

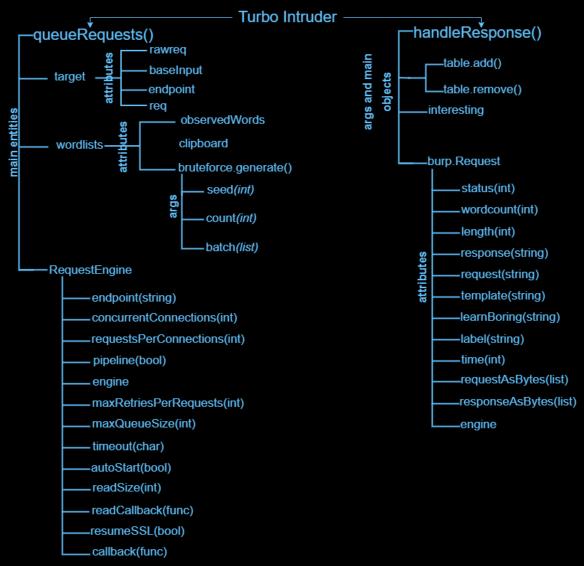
Main window





Basic script structure and main objects





Response decorators



- Match decorators(Matchers)
- Filter decorators(Filters)
- Unique decorators

Some practical examples



```
POST /login HTTP/1.1
Host: acc51f311fc39cb9c08f864000d500b7.web-security-academy.net
Cookie: session=ONE43XkiKfslJUHqfClqmFX54Eow9PI9
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:94.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/94.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Lanquage: en-US, en; q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 27
Origin: https://acc51f311fc39cb9c08f864000d500b7.web-security-academy.net
Referer: https://acc51f311fc39cb9c08f864000d500b7.web-security-academy.net/login
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
Te: trailers
Connection: close
username=test&password=test
```

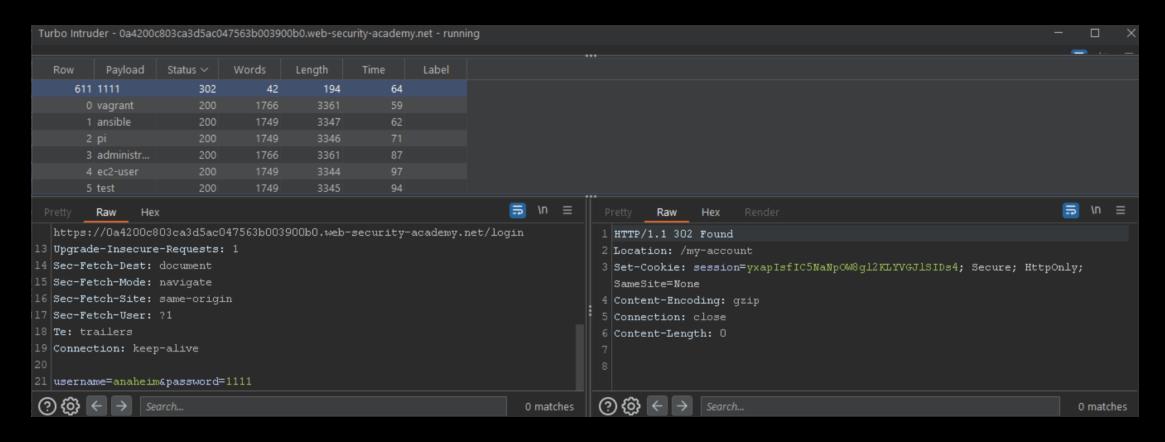
Simple bruteforce case



```
def handleResponse(req, interesting):
    global engine
    table.add(req)
    if "Invalid username" not in req.response and "password=test" in req.request:
        request = req.request
        request = request.replace("test", "%s")
        for passw in open("A:\\Researches\\Turbo Intruder\\pass.txt"):
            engine.queue(request, passw.rstrip())
def queueRequests(target, wordlists):
   global engine
    engine = RequestEngine(endpoint=target.endpoint,
                           concurrentConnections=50,
                           requestsPerConnection=5,
                           pipeline=False)
    for user in open("A:\\Researches\\Turbo Intruder\\users.txt"):
        engine.queue(target.req, user.rstrip())
```

Simple bruteforce case





Testing Race Condition



```
POST /promo_check HTTP/1.1

Host: pay.shop.com

Cookie: session=UMO4DqByhYwHlCvVd1UtyVdV0008xpW0

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:103.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/103.0

promo=%s&csrf=HLQVZpwD1WYIcIOZpPEp03X373p5nfvF
```

```
for num in range(10):
    engine.queue(target.req, "promocode", gate="pass")
engine.openGate("pass")
```

Fuzzing with Turbo Intruder



Important Tip



Turbo Intruder in all Burp versions has not rate limit

Weaknesses of Turbo Intruder



- Requests and responses do not log with logger++
- Embedded IDE has poor syntax highlighting
- Incorrect configuration will kill web application
- TI cannot do cross-domain interaction

Simple research methods



- Google
- Research behaviour of plugins/tools
- Code Reading



Thanks for attention

